

Book 16: Sources of Livelihood

According to the results of the 2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings, for 53% of the population of the Republic of Serbia¹⁾, the main sources of livelihood used for financing their consumption during the year prior to the census were salary or other allowances based on work (30%) and pension (23%).

Dependent persons accounted for 39% of the population, with a note that more frequently than every third dependent person was a child aged less than 15 (37% of the total number of dependent persons).

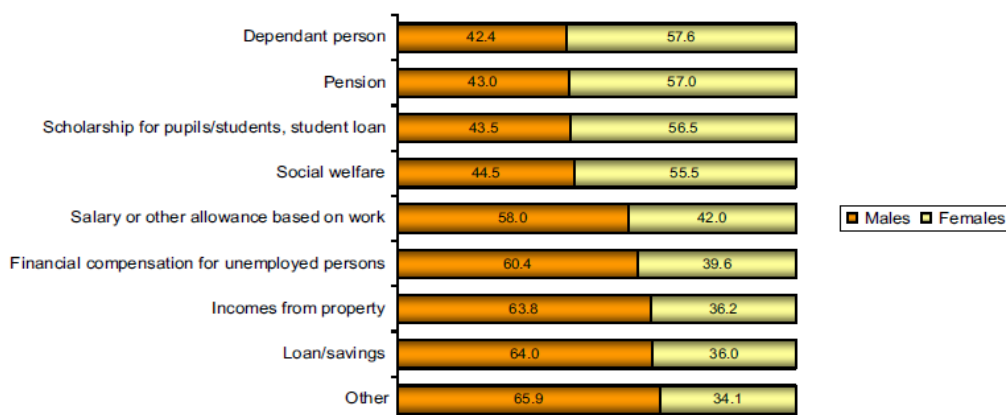
Population by the main source of livelihood in the year prior to the Census, by regions, the 2011 Census

	Republic of Serbia		Beogradski region		Region Vojvodine		Region Šumadije i Zapadne Srbije		Region Južne i Istočne Srbije		Region Kosovo i Metohija
	total	%	all	%	all	%	all	%	all	%	all
TOTAL	7186862	100	1659440	100	1931809	100	2031697	100	1563916	100	...
Salary or other allowances based on work	2162070	30.1	585218	35.3	579283	30.0	579806	28.5	417763	26.7	...
Pension	1630276	22.7	388680	23.4	410738	21.3	449897	22.1	380961	24.4	...
Income from property	111449	1.5	9895	0.6	42392	2.2	36703	1.8	22459	1.4	...
Social welfare	141959	2.0	14678	0.9	49433	2.5	41901	2.1	35947	2.3	...
Scholarship for pupils / students, student loan	5188	0.1	894	0.1	1541	0.1	1593	0.1	1160	0.1	...
Loan / savings	25697	0.3	6645	0.4	6698	0.3	7036	0.4	5318	0.3	...
Financial compensation for unemployed persons	38610	0.5	8227	0.5	9774	0.5	12466	0.6	8143	0.5	...
Dependent person	2787574	38.8	593103	35.7	751322	38.9	821291	40.4	621858	39.8	...
Other	284039	4.0	52100	3.1	80628	4.2	81004	4.0	70307	4.5	...

Share of women is higher among the persons whose main source of livelihood was pension (57%), scholarship (56.5%) and social welfare (55.5%). In addition, women are also more numerous in the category "dependent person" (57.6%).

On the other hand, the share of men is higher among the persons whose main source of livelihood was salary or other allowances based on work (58%), financial compensation for unemployed persons (60.4%), income from property (63.8%) and loan/savings (64%).

Population by the main source of livelihood in the year prior to the Census and sex, the 2011 Census (%)



¹⁾ The 2011 Census was not conducted on the territory of the AP Kosovo and Metohia, while in the municipalities of Presevo and Bujanovac there was undercoverage of the census units owing to the boycott by most of the members of the Albanian ethnic community.

Sources of livelihood

The data on the sources of livelihood were collected for all persons regardless of whether during the year prior to the census they had some income or were dependent persons (without income).

For the persons who had several different sources of livelihood, the data were also collected on the main source, i.e., on the source of livelihood which was the highest or the most regular in the course of the observed year.

More detailed data on the structure of the population of the Republic of Serbia according to the main sources of livelihood, by municipalities and cities have been published in the book 16 "Sources of Livelihood" and can be found in an electronic form on internet pages: www.stat.gov.rs and www.popis2011.stat.rs.

The 2011 Census was carried out during the period from 1st to 15th October, 2011, in compliance with the Law on the Census of Population, Households and Dwellings ("The Official Gazette of the RS," no. 104/09 and 24/11). The Census is financially supported by the European Union which has participated in the total costs with 60%.

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